# UNIVERSITY OF NEWCASTLE CENTRAL COAST CAMPUS

305 MANN STREET GOSFORD CIVIL WORKS - SEWER DIVERSION





DRAWING SCHEDULE

DWG No. C\_GOA\_DWG\_SEW11 SEWER DIVERSION COVER SHEET C\_GOA\_DWG\_SEW211 SEWER DIVERSION LONGTUDINAL SECTION C\_GOA\_DWG\_SEW31 SEWER DIVERSION LONGTUDINAL SECTION



JOB MANAGER: DANIEL HOLLAND

VERIFIER

LOCALITY PLAN



DRAWN: JOSHUA FISHER

DESIGNED: KARINA BARRETT











CIVIL ENGINEERING REPORT: CONSTRUCTION SOIL & WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

# University of Newcastle Central Coast Campus

305 Mann Street, Gosford

### PREPARED FOR

Hansen Yuncken Pty Ltd Suite 12/125 Bull Street, Newcastle West NSW 2302 PO Box 2200, Dangar NSW 2309 Ref: MB221453-CSWMSP Rev: 1

Date: 15.09.23

# Civil Engineering Report: Construction Soil & Water Management Plan

# **Revision Schedule**

Date	Revision	Issue	Prepared By	Approved By
15.09.23	1	Draft	J.Carraro	D.Holland
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# 1. General

# 1.1 Introduction

Northrop Consulting Engineers Pty Ltd (Northrop) have been engaged by Hansen Yuncken to prepare the Civil Engineering design and documentation in support of a Construction Certificate for the proposed University of Newcastle Central Coast Campus, 305 Mann Street, Gosford.

This report covers the works shown on the Northrop Drawing Package required for pre-construction, in relation to soil and water management for the site, in particular including:

• Erosion and Sediment control.

# 1.2 Related Reports and Documents

This report is to be read in conjunction with the following reports and documents:

- 1. Detailed Design Phase Civil Documentation prepared by Northrop:
  - C\_GOA\_DWG\_C31.1[6] Soil & Water Management Plan
  - C\_GOA\_DWG\_C31.2[5] Soil & Water Management Details
- 2. NSW Department of Planning and Environment, "Managing Urban Stormwater Soil & Construction" 2004 (Blue Book)
- 3. Central Coast Council's Engineering Design Specifications

# **1.3 SSD Requirements**

The project has obtained development approval through an SSDA. The table below demonstrates SSDA conditions which have been addressed in this report.

Condition	Conditions Requirements	Document/Sub-Plan Reference
	The Applicant must prepare a Construction Soil and Water Management Plan (CSWMSP) and the plan must address, but not be limited to the following:	
	(a) be prepared by a suitably qualified expert, in consultation with Council;	Refer Appendix C
B27	(b) describe all erosion and sediment controls to be implemented during construction, as a minimum, in accordance with <i>Managing Urban Stormwater: Soils</i> & <i>Construction</i> (4 <sup>th</sup> edition, Landcom 2004), commonly referred to as the 'Blue Book';	Refer Section 2
	(c) include an Acid Sulfate Soils Management Plan, if required, including measures for the management, handling, treatment and disposal of acid sulfate soils, including monitoring of water quality at acid sulfate soils treatment areas;	Refer Section 3.1
	(d) provide a plan of how all construction works will be managed in a wet-weather events (i.e. storage of equipment, stabilisation of the Site);	Refer Section 2.3

Condition	Conditions Requirements	Document/Sub-Plan Reference
	(e) details of all off-Site flows from the Site; and	Refer Section 3.1
	(f) describe the measures that must be implemented to manage stormwater and flood flows for small and large sized events, including, but not limited to 1 in 1-year ARI, 1 in 5-year ARI and 1 in 100-year ARI [flood prone sites]).	Refer Section 3.1

# 1.4 The Development

The subject site is located within the suburb of Gosford in the Central Coast Council Local Government Area (LGA).

The subject site is contained within lots 1, 2, 4, 29, 30, 31 and 32 DP 1591 along with lot 1 DP 911163 and lot 1 DP 911164. The site is bound by two existing commercial lots to the North, Hill Street to the east, Beane Street to the South and Mann Street to the west.

Figure 1 shows the development extent as well as the locality of the site in its current state.



Figure 1: Aerial Image (SIX Maps)

The total site area is 4,672 m<sup>2</sup> with topography falling from southeast to northwest with surface levels that range between RL14.13m to RL22.26m AHD and slopes in the range of 8%.

Based on geotechnical investigations performed on the site, the soil profile consists of a layer fill material over silty clays over rock.

The lot in its current state is an existing commercial development (Mitre 10) that consists of a building, carpark, and small landscape areas.

# 2. Erosion and Sediment Control

The objectives of the erosion and sediment control for the development site are to ensure:

- Adequate erosion and sediment control measures are applied prior to the commencement of construction and are maintained throughout construction; and
- Construction site runoff is appropriately treated in accordance with Central Coast Council's requirements.

As part of the works, the erosion and sedimentation control will be constructed in accordance with Council requirements and "Managing Urban Stormwater Soil & Construction" 2004 (Blue Book) prepared by Landcom, prior to any earthworks commencing on site.

### Sediment Basin 2.1

Calculations to determine if a Sediment Basin is required for the development have been based on available geotechnical information regarding soil types and through the use of the Soils and Construction Volume 1 Manual.

Upon completion of the sediment basin calculations based on the Soils and Construction Volume 1 Manual, a basin is not required. Due to the nature of the development further assessment of the site to determine if a basin would be required was conducted. As outlined above in '1.4 The Development' the site slope is minimal, with a consistent natural topography and is relatively small to implement a basin. These reduce the risk of sediment leaving the site, therefore there is no benefit of a sediment basin for this development.

The sediment basin calculations are summarised in the table below.

SEDIMENT BASIN SIZING CALCULATION THE SITE IS LOCATED WITHIN THE GOSFORD-LAKE MACQUARIE SOIL LANDSCAPE AND PRIMARILY CONSISTS OF CLAYS, WHICH HAS THE FOLLOWING PROPERTIES (IN ACCORDANCE WITH TABLE C17 OF THE 'BLUE BOOK').

SITE PARAMETERS				
CONSTRAINT	VALUE			
SEDIMENT TYPE	D			
SOIL HYDROLOGY GROUP	D			
K = SOIL ERODIBILITY (K-FACTOR)	0.030			
R = RAINFALL EROSIVITY (R-FACTOR)	2569			
S = 2 YEAR, 6 HOUR STORM INTENSITY	10.87mm/hr (GOSFORD)			
LS = SLOPE LENGTH/GRADIENT	2.37 (100m SLOPE @ 8% GRADE)			
P = EROSION CONTROL PRACTICE (P-FACTOR)	1.3 (TYPICAL)			
C = GROUND COVER (C-FACTOR)	1.0 (0% GRASS COVER)			
A = DISTURBED AREA	0.467 Ha			
SOIL LOSS (m³/yr)	85.35m³/Yr			
SOIL LOSS (RUSLE METHOD) (tonnes/ha/yr)	237 tonnes/Ha/Yr			
EROSION HAZARD (TABLE 4.2 BLUE BOOK)	LOW-MODERATE			
TOTAL SITE RUN-OFF IS LESS THAN 150m <sup>3</sup> /Yr. BASIN/TANKS NOT REQUIRED.				

# 2.2 Sediment and Erosion Control Measures

Prior to any earthworks commencing on site, sediment and erosion control measures shall be implemented generally in accordance with the Construction Certificate drawings and the "Blue Book". The measures shown on the drawings are intended to be a minimum treatment only as the contractor will be required to modify and stage the erosion and sedimentation control measures to suit the construction program, sequencing, and techniques. These measures will include:

- A temporary site security/safety fence is to be constructed around the site and the site office area.
- Sediment fencing provided downstream of disturbed areas, including any topsoil stockpiles.
- Dust control measures including covering stockpiles, installing fence hessian and watering exposed areas.
- Placement of hay bales or mesh and gravel inlet filters around and along proposed catch drains and around stormwater inlet pits;
- Stabilised site access at the construction vehicle entry/exits.

Any stockpiled material, including topsoil, shall be located as far away as possible from any associated natural watercourses or temporary overland flow paths. Sediment fences shall be installed to the downstream side of stockpiles and any embankment formation. All stockpiles and embankment formations shall be stabilised by hydroseeding or hydro mulching on formation.

# 2.3 Wet Weather Management

In circumstances of heavy rain sufficient to affect site access and ground conditions the Site Manager and Site HSE Committee representative should complete a site inspection before work commences. The inspection needs to focus on.

- · The suitability of pedestrian access to the amenities and into the construction work areas
- The suitability of access for plant and equipment
- · The suitability of ground conditions for plant and equipment to operate
- · Nominate the construction zones suitable for work to commence
- Actions to remediate those areas not suitable for work to commence (de-water; prepare ground conditions and access ways etc.)

It is noted that the storage of equipment during wet weather will be placed in areas to not prohibit or disrupt operation of the sediment and soil erosion control measures.

Refer Appendix A, Northrop's drawings outline wet weather management through providing stabilised temporary site access.

# 3. Further Commentary

# 3.1 SSD Conditions

The Department of Planning has provided Conditions of Consent for the proposed development at 305 Mann Street, Gosford. Conditions associated with the Construction Soil and Water Management Plan have been provided below with further commentary for consideration by Central Coast Council and the Certifying Authority.

B27. The Applicant must prepare a Construction Soil and Water Management Plan (CSWMSP) which must address, but not be limited to, the following:

(a) be prepared by a suitably qualified expert, in consultation with Council;

(b) describe all erosion and sediment controls to be implemented during construction, as a minimum, in accordance with *Managing Urban Stormwater: Soils & Construction* (4th edition, Landcom 2004) commonly referred to as the 'Blue Book';

(c) include an Acid Sulfate Soils Management Plan, if required, including measures for the management, handling, treatment and disposal of acid sulfate soils, including monitoring of water quality at acid sulfate soils treatment areas;

(d) provide a plan of how all construction works will be managed in a wet-weather events (i.e. storage of equipment, stabilisation of the Site);

(e) details of all off-site flows from the site; and

(f) describe the measures that must be implemented to manage stormwater and flood flows for small and large sized events, including, but not limited to, 1 in 5-year ARI and 1 in 100-year ARI.

# Northrop Commentary

The following comments have been provided with respect to Condition B27 for consideration by Central Coast Council and the Certifying Authority.

Northrop Commentary

- (a) Please refer to the CV of the designer and email consultation with Council provided in Appendix B and C.
- (b) Please refer to Section 2 of this report and associated Civil Engineering drawings as listed:
  - C\_GOA\_DWG\_C31.1[6] Soil & Water Management Plan
  - C\_GOA\_DWG\_C31.2[5] Soil & Water Management Details
- (c) Based on section 2.7 Acid Sulphate Soils, of Kleinfelder's Geotechnical investigation Report, document number NCA22R147463, rev 2, 9 December 2022, Acid Sulphate Soils are not considered to be an issue for consent.
- (d) Please refer to section 2 of the report. Specifically, our sediment and erosion control plan includes measures such as treatment for stockpiles and stabilised site access.

- (e) Once stormwater has passed through the sediment and erosion control measures, clean water is to be discharged to existing Council owned stormwater infrastructure and conveyed away from the site. Mitigation of off-site flows are provided such as sandbags and filters over stormwater pits
- (f) Please refer to Section 2 of this report and associated Civil Engineering drawings as listed:
  - C\_GOA\_DWG\_C31.1[6] Soil & Water Management Plan
  - C\_GOA\_DWG\_C31.2[5] Soil & Water Management Details

The erosion and sediment control plans have been designed in accordance with the requirements of NSW Department of Planning and Environment Manual, "Managing Urban Stormwater Soil & Construction" 2004 (Blue Book) and Central Coast Council's Engineering Design Specifications. Measures include stormwater pit filters, Sandbags and temporary site access.

Surface flows generated during storm events up to the 1 in 10-year storm event are treated by the sediment and erosion control measures implemented on site. Storm events greater than the 1 in 10 year will overwhelm temporary control measures which are not typically sized to cater for such events in the Blue Book. Flows from larger events will flow to Mann Street.

A review of Central Coast Council's online mapping system indicates the site is not impacted by flooding for the 1% AEP. Therefore, the site is not flood prone. The site is also bound by local roads on three boundaries, which convey stormwater around the site preventing upstream stormwater from entering the site.

# Appendix A – Soil & Water Management Plans

MB221453-CSWMSP: University of Newcastle Central Coast Campus Civil Engineering Report: Construction Soil & Water Management Plan | Rev 1





SITE PARAMETERS				
CONSTRAINT	VALUE			
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EROSION HAZARD (TABLE 4.2 BLUE BOOK)	LOW-MODERATE			
TOTAL SITE RUN-OFF IS LESS THAN 150m <sup>3</sup> /Yr. BASIN/TANKS NOT REQUIRED.				

NOTE THAT ORIGINAL DRAWING IS IN COLOUR



DRAWING TITLE

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ISLAND

**INTERNAL CIVIL WORKS SOIL & WATER MANAGEMENT** PLAN



REVISION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED	VER'D	APP'D	DATE	CLIENT	ARCHITECT
1	FOR INFORMATION DESIGN DEVELOPMENT	KT			31.03.23		
2	50% DESIGN DEVELOPMENT	TS			14.04.23		
3	90% DESIGN DEVELOPMENT	TS			02.05.23	AUSTRALIA	
4	FOR TENDER	TS		DH	12.05.23	• /	
5	ΓΩΝΣΤΡΗΓΤΙΩΝ ΓΕΡΤΙΕΙΓΔΤΕ	TS		DΗ	16 06 23		
					10.00.20	DRAWING NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION UNLESS VERIFICATION	THE COPYRIGHT OF THIS DRAWING REMAINS WIT
						SIGNATURE HAS BEEN ADDED	CONSULTING ENGINEERS PTY LTD.

# CONSTRUCTION NOTES

RUNOFF DIRECTED TO SEDIMENT TRAP/FENCE

NOT SATISFACTORY.

- 1. STRIP THE TOPSOIL, LEVEL THE SITE AND COMPACT THE SUBGRADE.

DGB 20 ROADBASE OR 30mm AGGREGATE ——

GEOTEXTILE FABRIC DESIGNED TO PREVENT

AND TO MAINTAIN GOOD PROPERTIES OF THE SUB-BASE LAYERS. GEOFABRIC MAY BE A WOVEN OR NEEDLE-PUNCHED PRODUCT WITH A MINIMUM CBR BURST STRENGTH (AS3706.4-90) OF 2500 N -----

INTERMIXING OF SUBGRADE AND BASE MATERIALS

- 2. COVER THE AREA WITH NEEDLE-PUNCHED GEOTEXTILE.

- 3. CONSTRUCT A 200mm THICK PAD OVER THE GEOTEXTILE USING ROAD BASE OR 30mm AGGREGATE.

- 4. ENSURE THE STRUCTURE IS AT LEAST 15 METRES LONG OR TO BUILDING ALIGNMENT AND AT LEAST 3 METRES WIDE.
- 5. WHERE A SEDIMENT FENCE JOINS ONTO THE STABILISED ACCESS, CONSTRUCT A HUMP IN THE STABILISED ACCESS TO DIVERT WATER TO THE SEDIMENT FENCE.

STABILISED SITE ACCESS (SD 6-14)

MINIMUM WIDTH 3m MINIMUM LENGTH 15m CONSTRUCTION SITE 

EXISTING

ROADWAY —

PROPERTY BOUNDARY

# SEDIMENT FENCE (SD 6-8)

6. BACKFILL THE TRENCH OVER THE BASE OF THE FABRIC AND COMPACT IT THOROUGHLY OVER THE GEOTEXTILE.

OF THE TRENCH. ENSURE ANY STAR PICKETS ARE FITTED WITH SAFETY CAPS. 4. FIX SELF-SUPPORTING GEOTEXTILE TO THE UPSLOPE SIDE OF THE POSTS ENSURING IT GOES TO THE BASE OF THE TRENCH. FIX THE GEOTEXTILE WITH WIRE TIES OR AS RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER. ONLY USE GEOTEXTILE SPECIFICALLY PRODUCED FOR SEDIMENT FENCING. THE USE OF SHADE CLOTH FOR THIS PURPOSE IS

5. JOIN SECTIONS OF FABRIC AT A SUPPORT POST WITH A 150mm OVERLAP.

- ENTRENCHED. 3. DRIVE 1.5 METRE LONG STAR PICKETS INTO GROUND AT 2.5 METRE INTERVALS (MAX) AT THE DOWNSLOPE EDGE
- 2. CUT A 150mm DEEP TRENCH ALONG THE UPSLOPE LINE OF THE FENCE FOR THE BOTTOM OF THE FABRIC TO BE
- THE CATCHMENT AREA SHOULD BE SMALL ENOUGH TO LIMIT WATER FLOW IF CONCENTRATED AT ONE POINT TO 50 LITRES PER SECOND IN THE DESIGN STORM EVENT, USUALLY THE 10-YEAR EVENT.
- BUT WITH SMALL RETURNS AS SHOWN IN THE DRAWING TO LIMIT THE CATCHMENT AREA OF ANY ONE SECTION.
- PLAN CONSTRUCTION NOTES CONSTRUCT SEDIMENT FENCES AS CLOSE AS POSSIBLE TO BEING PARALLEL TO THE CONTOURS OF THE SITE,



LL SETOUT TO ARCHITECT'S DRAWINGS DIMENSIONS TO BE VERIFIED WITH THE ARCHITECT AND ON SITE BEFORE MAKING SHOP DRAWINGS OR COMMENCING WORK. NORTHROP ACCEPTS NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE USABILITY, COMPLETENESS OR SCALE OF DRAWINGS TRANSFERRED ELECTRONICALLY.



PROJECT UNIVERSITY OF NEW PROPOSED CENTRAL COA **305 MANN ST** 

# OR SWMP TO REDUCE THE C-FACTOR TO LESS THAN 0.10. 5. CONSTRUCT EARTH BANKS (STANDARD DRAWING 5-5) ON THE UPSLOPE SIDE TO DIVERT WATER AROUND

3. WHERE THERE IS SUFFICIENT AREA, TOPSOIL STOCKPILES SHALL BE LESS THAN 2m IN HEIGHT. 4. WHERE THEY ARE TO BE IN PLACE FOR MORE THAN 10 DAYS, STABILISE FOLLOWING THE APPROVED ESCP

STOCKPILES (SD 4-1)

- 2. CONSTRUCT ON THE CONTOUR AS LOW, FLAT, ELONGATED MOUNDS.
- FLOW, ROADS AND HAZARD AREAS.

STOCKPILES AND SEDIMENT FENCES (STANDARD DRAWING 6-8) 1 TO 2m DOWNSLOPE.

- 1. PLACE STOCKPILES MORE THAN 2m (PREFERABLY 5m) FROM EXISTING VEGETATION, CONCENTRATED WATER

- CONSTRUCTION NOTES

<b>БАРТН ВАМК</b> ———	STABILISE STOCKPILE SUBEACE	at NN#92/0 -
	STADIEISE STOCKTIEL SONTACE	WWY PER
	SEDIMENT FENCE	ANY K
	IMAX) VILLE VILLE 2.7 SI	
FLOW	A SLOPE WE REAL	
RIRIRI KIKIKI KIK		<u>~~~~~</u>



- KERB-SIDE INLET

TIMBER SPACER TO SUIT.

RUNOFF WATER WITH

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

 $\square$ 

SEDIMENT —

1. INSTALL FILTERS TO KERB INLETS ONLY AT SAG POINTS.

AND FILL IT WITH 25mm TO 50mm GRAVEL.

MAINTAIN THE OPENING WITH SPACER BLOCKS.

SEDIMENT. -

GRAVEL-FILLED WIRE MESH

OR GEOTEXTILE 'SAUSAGE'

– OVERFLOW

GRAVEL-FILLED WIRE MESH

2. FABRICATE A SLEEVE MADE FROM GEOTEXTILE OR WIRE MESH LONGER THAN THE LENGTH OF THE INLET PIT

4. PLACE THE FILTER AT THE OPENING LEAVING AT LEAST A 100mm SPACE BETWEEN IT AND THE KERB INLET.

6. SANDBAGS FILLED WITH GRAVEL CAN SUBSTITUTE FOR THE MESH OR GEOTEXTILE PROVIDING THEY ARE

PLACED SO THAT THEY FIRMLY ABUT EACH OTHER AND SEDIMENT-LADEN WATERS CANNOT PASS BETWEEN.

MESH AND GRAVEL INLET FILTER (SD 6-11)

NOTE: THIS PRACTICE ONLY TO BE USED WHERE

SPECIFIED IN APPROVED SWMP/ESCP.

3. FORM AN ELLIPTICAL CROSS-SECTION ABOUT 150mm HIGH x 400mm WIDE.

5. FORM A SEAL WITH THE KERB TO PREVENT SEDIMENT BYPASSING THE FILTER.

OR GEOTEXTILE 'SAUSAGE'

TIMBER SPACER TO SUIT

 $\checkmark$ 

FILTERED WATER











DROP INLET WITH GRA	TE
WIRE OR STEEL MESH (14 GAUGE x 150mm OPENINGS) WHERE GEOTEXTILE IS NOT SELF-SUPPORTING	
WOVEN GEOTEXTILE	
WOVEN GEOTEXTILE ————————————————————————————————————	STAR PICKET FITTED
RUNOFF WATER WITH SEDIMENT	
GEOTEXTILE EMBEDDED 150mm INTO GROUND	Fil TERED WATER

FOR DROP INLETS AT NON-SAG POINTS, SANDBAGS, EARTH BANK OR EXCAVATION USED TO CREATE ARTIFICIAL SAG POINT

1. FABRICATE A SEDIMENT BARRIER MADE FROM GEOTEXTILE OR STRAW BALES. STRAW BALES OR GEOFABRIC. REDUCE THE PICKET SPACING TO 1 METRE CENTRES.

3. IN WATERWAYS, ARTIFICIAL SAG POINTS CAN BE CREATED WITH SANDBAGS OR EARTH BANKS AS SHOWN IN

2. FOLLOW STANDARD DRAWING 6-7 AND STANDARD DRAWING 6-8 FOR INSTALLATION PROCEDURES FOR THE

4. DO NOT COVER THE INLET WITH GEOTEXTILE UNLESS THE DESIGN IS ADEQUATE TO ALLOW FOR ALL WATERS

CASTLE	INTERNA
AST CAMPUS	SOIL & WAT
	D

	DRAWING TITLE
	INTERNAL CIVIL WORKS
5	SOIL & WATER MANAGEMENT
	DETAILS

JOB NUMBER	
MB2214	53
	REVISION
C31.2	5
DRAWING SHEET SIZ	E = A1

Appendix B – COUNCIL CONSULTATION

Appendix C - CV





# Daniel Holland BEng (Civil) Hons, Dip Civil, CPEng, NER

# Principal, Civil Engineer

Daniel joined Northrop in 2007 after graduating with honours from the University of Newcastle.

Originally, Daniel worked with Northrop as a structural engineer. Following an opportunity to work on a multi-million-dollar project as a site civil engineer, Daniel focused his attention on starting our Central Coast Civil

section; a section that he still manages today and continues to grow and expand with

A Principal of Northrop, Daniel's hands-on experience throughout his career has given him a unique ability to understand a client's needs, navigate the authority requirements, and develop tailored civil engineering solutions to overcome even the most complex of challenges in a cost-effective and practical manner.

# **Project Experience**

## Education

- Meadowbank Education Precinct
- Hunter River Community School, Metford
- Lakes Grammar Anglican School
- Gilroy Catholic College
- Rouse Hill Anglican College

# **Aged Care**

- Casurina Grove, Hamlyn Terrace
- Aged Care Community Housing, Wadalba
- Peninsula Village, Umina
- Rosehill Aged Care Facility Redevelopment
- Uniting Aged Care, Bateau Bay

### Health

- Gosford Private Hospital Redevelopment
- Gosford Hospital Mental Health Unit
- Tuggerah Lakes Private Hospital
- Jarrett Street Medical Centre
- Brisbane Water Private Hospital

### Industrial

- Livpac Lisarow
- 7 Palm Tree Close, Wyong
- Advantage Avenue, Morisset
- Sanitarium Health & Wellbeing

# Hospitality/Clubs

- Central Coast Leagues Club
- Gosford RSL Club
- Shelly Beach Golf Club
- Davistown RSL
- Mingara Club

# Community/Recreational

- Adcock Park Redevelopment, Gosford
- Mt. Penang Parklands Redevelopment
- Crusaders Group Camp, Lake Macquarie
- Soldiers and Shelly Beach Surf Clubs

## Structural Engineering

- Soldiers and Shelly Beach Surf Club
- Bunnings West Gosford
- Morisset Event Space
- Imperial Shopping Centre Gosford
- Council Drainage Culvert Upgrades

### Commercial/Offices

- Bunnings Warehouses (various locations).
- Saddles Café/Restaurant
- Various service stations
- Woolworths Woolgoolga, Wadalba, Lisarow
- Coles Lisarow
- Department of Finance Building, Gosford

### **Residential Houses**

- 115 Avoca Drive, Avoca Beach
- Ravello Apartments, Point Frederick
- Bonython Tower, Gosford
- Albany Apartment York St, East Gosford
- Newcastle East End Redevelopment

# **Sub-Division**

- Kings Estate, Terrigal
- Saratoga Road, Davistown
- Reads Road, Wamberal
- Narara Creek Road, Narara
- Tudibaring Parade, Macmasters Beach