## Algebra Basics

Algebra is generalized arithmetic.

Why?


Rectangle area - for one rectangle

$$
A=6 \times 3 \quad \text { Generalizes to }
$$


$A=w \times h$
for any rectangle
replace the numbers by letters and vice versa

## Repeated Addition = Multiplication

Examples

NB $\quad 2+3=3+2$ $2 \times 3=3 \times 2$

1) $6+6+6+6+6=5 \times 6=30$ (or $6 \times 5$ )
2) $a+a+a+a=4 \times a=4 a$ (or $a \times 4$ )
we drop the $\times$ sign
Here 4 is a counter for the number of $a$ 's added together
3) $x+x=2 x$
4) $t+t+t+2+3+t=4 t+5 \quad$ or $5+4 t$

$$
\text { NB } \begin{aligned}
x y & \neq x+y \\
2 \times 3 & \neq 2+3
\end{aligned}
$$

5) $x+y+2 x-3 y=$ ?

This is the same as:
$x+y+x+x \quad-y-y-y=3 x-2 y$
6) $a+a+a+x+a+x=4 a+2 x$

NB The multiplication sign is dropped when algebraic (letter) terms are used

## Repeated Multiplication = Power / Index / Exponent

## Examples

1) $a \times a \times a=a^{3} \quad$ Here 3 is a counter for the number of $a^{\prime}$ s multiplied together.
2) $y \times y \times y \times y=y^{4}$
3) $t \times t \times a \times t \times a \times t=a^{2} t^{4} \quad$ (usually written in alphabetical order)
4) $y^{2} \times y \times y^{3}=y^{6} \quad$ this is read as " $y$ to the 6 " or " $y$ to the power of 6 "
5) $2 y \times 3 y=2 \times y \times 3 \times y=6 \times y^{2}=6 y^{2}$

The multiplication sign is dropped and the numbersare worked out separately to the letters.
6) $2 y^{4} \times y^{3} \times y \times 3 y^{4}=6 y^{12}$

## Order of Operations

| First <br> Brackets | $12-(2 \times(1+1))$ $=12-(2 \times 2)$ <br>  $=8$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
|  | Operators - powers, roots, trig, functions | $3 \times 2^{2}=3 \times 4$ |
|  |  | 12 |

## Examples

1) $8-2 \times 3+2 \times 3^{2}=8-6+2 \times 9$

$$
=2+18
$$

$$
=20
$$

2) $4 x^{2} y^{6} \times\left(3 x^{2}\right)^{2} \div 6 x y^{2}=4 x^{2} y^{6} \times 9 x^{4} \div 6 x y^{2}$
$=36 x^{6} y^{6} \div 6 x y^{2}$
$=6 x^{5} y^{4}$

## Exercises

1. $x+x+x+x+x+x+x=$
2. $a^{6} \times a^{3} \times a^{4} \times a=$
3. $2 a+3 a-a=$
4. $x \times x \times x^{2}$
5. $3 x \times 4 x=$
6. $x \times a \times y=$
7. $2 a c \times 3 c=$
8. $6 a+3+4 a+5=$
9. $10 a-3 a+y-4 y=$
10. $2 \times x \times 3 \times x \times 4 \times x=$
11. $14 x y+6 a-8 x y+5 a=$
12. $2 x \times 4 y+3 x \times 4 x^{2}+7 x \times y=$
13. $24 x^{2} y \div\left(10 x y^{3}\right)=$
14. $9 a-16 a \div a-a+20=$

## Answers:

1. $7 x$
2. $a^{14}$
3. $4 a$
4. $x^{4}$
5. $12 x$
6. $a x y$
7. $6 a c^{2}$
8. $10 a+8$
9. $7 a-3 y$
10. $24 x^{2}$
11. $6 x y+11 a$
12. $15 x y+12 x^{3}$
13. $12 x /\left(5 y^{2}\right)$
14. $8 a+4$
